Title: DRUG-ELUTING ELECTRODE

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1. (Currently Amended) An apparatus comprising:
 - an electrical lead comprising a lead body and an electrical conductor; and an electrode coupled to the electrical conductor, wherein the electrode includes a coating on at least a portion of a surface of the electrode, the coating including three or more layers, with a first layer adjacent the surface of the electrode including an insulative material while leaving an uninsulated region of the electrode and a second layer disposed over adjacent the first layer and not adjacent to the surface of the electrode, the second layer including at least one pharmacological agent, and a third layer above disposed over the second layer, wherein the third layer includes at least one pharmacological agent.
- 2. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the electrode includes a helical tip.
- 3. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the pharmacological agent comprises an anti-arrhythmic agent, an angiogenic growth factor, an anti-inflammatory agent, an antiproliferative agent, or a combination thereof.
- 4. (Original) The apparatus of claim 3, wherein the anti-inflammatory agent is dexamethasone, clobetasol, beclomethasone, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 5. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the first layer comprises a polymeric base coat on the electrode surface and the second layer comprises a matrix including a polymer and at least one pharmacological agent, wherein the second layer at least partially covers the polymeric base coat.

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- (Original) The apparatus of claim 5, wherein the pharmacological agent comprises an 6. anti-arrhythmic agent, an angiogenic growth factor, an anti-inflammatory agent, an antiproliferative agent, or a combination thereof.
- 7. (Original) The apparatus of claim 6, wherein the anti-inflammatory agent is dexamethasone, clobetasol, beclomethasone, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 8. (Original) The apparatus of claim 5, wherein the polymeric base coat is ethylene vinvl alcohol.
- 9. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising a fourth layer above the second layer, wherein the fourth layer includes a porous barrier.
- 10. (Original) The apparatus of claim 9, wherein the porous barrier comprises a polymeric coating.
- 11. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 9, wherein the second layer comprises a matrix including a polymer and at least one pharmacological agent and the fourth layer regulates the release of the pharmacological agent from the matrix.

12 -13. (Cancelled)

- 14. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 3, wherein the anti-inflammatory agent is dexamethasone, clobetasol, beclomethasone, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 15. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the first layer is adapted to functionally increase an impedance of the electrode.

16. (Currently Amended) A system comprising:

an electrical pulse generator;

an electrical lead releasably coupled to electrical pulse generator, wherein the electrical lead includes a lead body and an electrical conductor; and

an electrode coupled to the electrical conductor, wherein an outer surface of the electrode is coated on at least a portion of a surface of the electrode, the coating including three or more layers comprising a first layer including an insulative material while leaving an uninsulated region of the electrode and a second layer disposed over the first layer and not adjacent to the surface of the electrode, the second layer including at least one pharmacological agent, and a third layer above disposed over the second layer, wherein the third layer comprises at least one pharmacological agent.

- 17. (Original) The system of claim 16, wherein the electrode includes a helical tip.
- 18. (Original) The system of claim 16, wherein the pharmacological agent comprises an antiarrhythmic agent, an angiogenic growth factor, an anti-inflammatory agent, an antiproliferative agent, or a combination thereof.
- (Original) The system of claim 18, wherein the anti-inflammatory agent is dexamethasone, clobetasol, beclomethasone, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- (Original) The system of claim 18, wherein the anti-inflammatory agent is dexamethasone.
- (Previously Presented) The system of claim 16, wherein the first layer comprises a
 polymeric base coat on the electrode surface and the second layer comprises a polymer
 and at least one pharmacological agent matrix on the polymeric base coat.

- (Original) The system of claim 21, wherein the pharmacological agent comprises an antiarrhythmic agent, an angiogenic growth factor, an anti-inflammatory agent, an antiproliferative agent, or a combination thereof.
- (Original) The system of claim 22, wherein the anti-inflammatory agent is dexamethasone, clobetasol, beclomethasone, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- (Original) The system of claim 21, wherein the polymeric base coat is ethylene vinyl alcohol.
- (Previously Presented) The system of claim 21, further comprising a fourth layer
 positioned between the second layer and the third layer, wherein the fourth layer
 comprises a porous barrier.
- (Previously Presented) The system of claim 25, wherein the fourth layer regulates the release of the pharmacological agent from the matrix.

27 - 29. (Cancelled)

30. (Currently Amended) An apparatus comprising:

an electrical lead comprising a lead body and an electrical conductor; and an electrode coupled to the electrical conductor, wherein the electrode includes a coating on at least a portion of a surface of the electrode, the coating including three or more layers, with an inner layer including a pharmacological agent in a polymer matrix for regulated, chronic release of the pharmacological agent, wherein the inner layer leaves an uncoated region of the electrode; and an outer layer including only a pharmaceutical agent such that the pharmaceutical agent of the outer layer is exposed to tissue upon implant of the electrode, and a middle layer between the inner layer and the

outer layer, wherein the middle layer includes a porous polymer barrier and is adjacent the inner layer and not adjacent to the surface of the electrode.

- 31. (Original) The apparatus of claim 30, wherein the electrode includes a helix.
- 32. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 30, further including a fourth layer directly adjacent a surface of the electrode comprising a polymer primer layer, with the inner layer adjacent the polymer primer layer.
- (Original) The apparatus of claim 30, wherein the pharmaceutical agent in the polymer matrix includes an anti-inflammatory drug.
- (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 30, wherein the pharmacological agent in the polymer matrix includes an anti-proliferative drug.
- 35. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:

coating at least a portion of a surface of an electrode with a first layer, wherein the first layer comprises a polymeric base coat and does not coat a region of the electrode;

coating the first layer of the electrode with a second layer, wherein the second layer comprises a polymer and at least one pharmacological agent, and at least partially coats the first layer and not the surface of the electrode; and

coating the second layer with a third layer, wherein the third layer comprises at least one pharmacological agent.

36. (Original) The method of claim 35, wherein the pharmacological agent comprises an anti-arrhythmic agent, an angiogenic growth factor, an anti-inflammatory agent, an antiproliferative agent, or a combination thereof. Title: DRUG-ELUTING ELECTRODE

- (Original) The method of claim 36, wherein the anti-inflammatory agent is 37. dexamethasone, clobetasol, beclomethasone, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 38. (Original) The method of claim 35, wherein the polymeric base coat is ethylene vinyl alcohol
- 39. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 35, further comprising a fourth layer positioned between the second and third layer, wherein the fourth layer comprises a porous barrier.
- 40 (Original) The method of claim 39, wherein the second layer comprises a matrix including a polymer and at least one pharmacological agent and the third layer regulates the release of the pharmacological agent from the matrix.

41-43. (Cancelled)

- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 35, wherein the coating is applied by 44. contacting an exterior surface of the electrode with a composition comprising at least one polymer and at least one pharmacological agent.
- 45 (Original) The method of claim 44, wherein the contacting includes spraying.
- 46. (New) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the first layer is between 1 and 100 microns thick.
- 47 (New) The apparatus of claim 46, wherein the amount of the at least one pharmacological agent present in the second layer is up to 60% by weight of the second layer.

- (New) The system of claim 16, wherein the first layer is between 1 and 100 microns thick.
- (New) The system of claim 48, wherein the amount of the at least one pharmacological agent present in the second layer is up to 60% by weight of the second layer.
- 50. (New) The apparatus of claim 30, wherein the amount of the at least one pharmacological agent present in the inner layer is up to 60% by weight of the inner layer.
- (New) The method of claim 35, wherein the first layer is between 1 and 100 microns thick.
- 52. (New) The method of claim 51, wherein the amount of the at least one pharmacological agent present in the second layer is up to 60% by weight of the second layer.